

Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund (the “ILP sub-fund”)

This Fund Summary should be read in conjunction with the Product Summary

Fund Code	ILP sub-funds	Underlying Funds
E181	Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund	Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund A USD

Structure of ILP sub-fund

The ILP sub-fund is an open-ended feeder fund and invests 100% into Aviva Investors -Global High Yield Bond Fund A USD (“Underlying Fund”), a sub-fund of Aviva Investors SICAV (“the Umbrella Fund”) which is a société d’investissement à capital variable (“SICAV”) incorporated on 16 January 1990 in Luxembourg and registered with the Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés de Luxembourg under number B 32 640.

The Underlying Fund qualifies as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (“UCITS”) under the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on Undertakings for Collective Investment, as amended from time to time (the “2010 Law”), and is registered on the official list of collective investment undertakings maintained by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (the “CSSF”).

The units in the ILP sub-fund are not classified as Excluded Investment Products.

Information on the Manager

Management Company and Investment Manager of the Underlying Fund

Aviva Investors Luxembourg S.A. is engaged as the management company of the Fund (the “Management Company”). It is a company incorporated in Luxembourg and is subject to chapter 15 of the 2010 Law and to the supervision of the CSSF. It has been managing collective investment schemes and discretionary funds since 1987. The Management Company has responsibility for investment management services, administrative services and distribution services. It has the option of delegating to third parties some or all of its responsibilities, subject to applicable laws and the consent and supervision of the Board.

Aviva Investors Global Services Limited (the “Investment Manager”) is appointed as the investment manager to handle the day-to-day management of the Underlying Fund. It is domiciled in the United Kingdom and is licensed and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. It has been managing collective investment schemes and discretionary funds since 1971.

Other Parties

The Custodian (which is the Depository) of the Underlying Fund is J.P. Morgan SE, Luxembourg Branch.

The Singapore representative of the Underlying Fund is Aviva Investors Asia Pte. Limited.

The Investment Manager has appointed Aviva Investors Americas LLC (“AIA”) to manage only part of the assets of Aviva Investors – Multi-Strategy Target Return Fund. AIA is responsible for managing the US high yield strategy component of the portfolios.

Please refer to sections on “Other Parties” and of the Aviva Investors Singapore Prospectus for details of other parties to the Underlying Fund.

Investment Objective, Focus & Approach

The investment objective of the Underlying Fund is to earn income and increase the value of the Shareholder's investment, while outperforming the Benchmark over the long term (5 years or more).

The Underlying Fund invests mainly in high yield bonds issued by corporations anywhere in the world, with an emphasis on North America and Europe.

Specifically, at all times, the Underlying Fund invests at least two-thirds of total net assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents) in bonds that are rated below BBB- by Standard and Poor's or Baa3 by Moody's, or are unrated. The Underlying Fund does not invest in shares or other participation rights, or in convertible securities. The Underlying Fund may invest up to 30% of total net assets in money market investments and bank deposits. The Underlying Fund may invest in up to 10% of total net assets in Additional tier-1 (AT1) and contingent convertible bonds. The Underlying Fund may also invest in shares or units of UCITS or other UCIs.

The Underlying Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes.

The Underlying Fund's derivatives may include futures, options, swap contracts, swaptions, currency forwards, foreign exchange options and credit default swaps.

The Underlying Fund may also use derivatives for hedging and for efficient portfolio management.

Distribution Policy

Please refer to the section on "Distribution of Dividends" (if applicable) in the relevant Investment Linked Product (ILP) – Product Summary for further details.

Risks

The ILP sub-fund is not listed on the Singapore Exchange and you can redeem only on Business Days through Singapore Life Ltd. In respect of Singapore investors, there is no secondary market for the ILP sub-fund.

Please refer to the section on "Risk Factors" in the Underlying Fund's Prospectus for a description of the risk factors associated with investing in Aviva Investors – Global High Yield Bond Fund. The risks may include:

General Risks Associated with an Investment in the Underlying Fund

Collective investment risk

Investing in any type of collective investment involves certain risks an investor would not face if investing in markets directly. Investors in the Underlying Fund could experience the following risks:

- the actions of other investors, in particular sudden large outflows of cash, could interfere with orderly management of the Underlying Fund and cause the Underlying Fund's NAV to fall.
- the investor cannot direct or influence how money is invested while it is in the Underlying Fund.
- performance fees may create an incentive for a manager to take greater risks than otherwise.
- the Underlying Fund's buying and selling of investments may not be optimal for the tax efficiency of any given investor.
- the Underlying Fund is subject to various investment laws and regulations that limit the use of certain securities and investment techniques that might improve performance.
- because Underlying Fund Shares are not publicly traded, the only option for liquidation is generally redemption, which could be subject to delays and any other redemption policies set by the Umbrella Fund.
- management techniques used by the Investment Manager, whether novel or associated with a particular level of performance in the past, could fail to yield the desired results.

In addition, there are risks associated with the structure of the Umbrella Fund and the business interests of the Management Company.

These include:

- the fact that any investment in other UCITS or UCIs is likely to mean that investors will be paying investment and/or management fees both to the Underlying Fund and to the UCITS or UCI, and that these combined fees could be higher than the investor might pay to invest directly in a similar type of investment to the underlying UCITS or UCI
- The Management Company, the Investment Manager, or either of their designees may at times find their obligations to the Underlying Fund to be in conflict with their obligations to other investment portfolios they manage (although in such cases, all portfolios will be dealt with equitably).
- Under certain circumstances, such as if there is pending dispute or tax audit at the time, the Umbrella Fund may withhold a portion of redemption proceeds as a reserve against possible adjustments or claims arising from the dispute or audit.

Main Risks

Counterparty

The Underlying Fund could lose money if an entity with which it does business becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Underlying Fund. If a counterparty fails to meet its obligations, the Underlying Fund may have the right to try to recover any losses by using any collateral associated with the obligation. However, the value of collateral may be worth less than the cash or securities owed to the fund, whether because of market action, inaccurate pricing, deteriorating issuer credit or market liquidity problems. If a counterparty is late in honouring its obligations, it could affect the Underlying Fund's ability to meet its own obligations to other counterparties and could cause a delay in the processing of redemptions. Making a lending commitment involving a long term or large sum could lead to similar problems.

Credit

If the financial health of the issuer of a bond or money market security weakens, the value of the bond or money market security may fall. In extreme cases, the issuer may delay scheduled payments to investors, or may become unable to make its payments at all, and the issuer's bonds or money market securities may become worthless. Additional risk of unusual market conditions: Significant numbers of bond or money market security issuers could become unable to make payments to their investors.

Currency

Changes in currency exchange rates could reduce investment gains or increase investment losses. Exchange rates can change rapidly and unpredictably.

Derivatives

Derivatives transactions are complex and imply a higher volatility than traditional investments. They may involve a loss that is significantly greater than the cost of the derivative. The pricing and volatility of some derivatives (such as credit default swaps) may diverge from the pricing or volatility of their underlying reference(s). OTC derivatives are private agreements between an Underlying Fund and one or more counterparties, and are less highly regulated than market-traded securities.

OTC derivatives carry greater counterparty risk and liquidity risk, and it may be more difficult to force a counterparty to honour its obligations to an Underlying Fund. If a counterparty ceases to offer a derivative that an Underlying Fund had been planning on using, the Underlying Fund may not be able to find a comparable derivative elsewhere and may miss an opportunity for gain or find itself unexpectedly exposed to risks or losses, including losses from a derivative position for which it was unable to buy an offsetting derivative.

Because it is generally impractical for the Umbrella Fund to divide its OTC derivatives transactions among a wide variety of counterparties, a decline in the financial health of any one counterparty could cause significant losses. Conversely, if any Underlying Fund experiences any financial weakness or fails to meet an obligation, counterparties could become unwilling to do business with the Umbrella Fund, which could leave the Umbrella Fund unable to operate efficiently and competitively.

While exchange-traded derivatives are generally considered lower risk than OTC derivatives, there is still the risk that a suspension of trading in derivatives or in their underlying assets could make it impossible for an Underlying Fund to realize gains or avoid losses, which in turn could cause a delay in handling redemptions of Shares.

Interest rate

When interest rates rise, bond values generally fall. This risk is generally greater the longer the maturity of a bond investment and the higher its credit quality.

Liquidity

Any type of security that is not publicly traded (such as Rule 144A Securities) may be hard to value, and may be hard to sell at a desired time and price, especially in any volume. This also applies to securities that are publicly traded, but represent a small issue, trade infrequently, or trade on markets that are comparatively small or that have long settlement times. In addition to creating investment losses, liquidity problems could lead to a delay in the processing of Shareholder requests to redeem Shares.

Market

Prices of many securities change daily, and can fall based on a wide variety of factors, such as:

- political and economic news
- government policy
- changes in technology and business practices
- changes in demographics, cultures and populations

- natural or human-caused disasters
- weather and climate patterns
- scientific or investigative discoveries
- costs and availability of energy, commodities and natural resources

The effects of market risk can be immediate or gradual, short-term or long-term, narrow or broad.

Rule 144A Securities

The Underlying Fund may invest in so-called Rule 144A securities, which are securities that are not required to be registered for resale in the United States under an exemption pursuant to Section 144A of the 1933 Act ("Rule 144A Securities"), but can be sold in the United States to certain institutional buyers. The Underlying Fund may invest in Rule 144A Securities, provided that such securities are traded on the US OTC Fixed Income Securities market. Such securities shall be considered as transferable securities within the meaning of point 1 of the table "General Investment Restrictions and Eligible Assets for UCITS Funds". Any Rule 144A Securities not traded on the US OTC Fixed Income Securities market would be considered as newly issued transferable securities within the meaning of point 1 mentioned above, provided that the securities are issued with registration rights pursuant to which such securities may be registered under the 1933 Act.

In the event that any such securities are not registered under the 1933 Act within one year of issue, such securities shall be considered as falling under point 3 of the table "General Investment Restrictions and Eligible Assets for UCITS Funds" in the Underlying Fund's prospectus and subject to the 10% limit of the net assets of the Underlying Fund applicable to the category of securities referred to therein.

Other Important Risks

Operational

Human error or process/system failures, internally or at our service providers, could create losses for an Underlying Fund.

The above should not be considered to be an exhaustive list of the risks which you should consider before investing into the Underlying Fund. You should be aware that an investment in the Underlying Fund may be exposed to other risks of an exceptional nature from time to time.

Fees and Charges

In addition to the fees and charges shown in the Product Summary, the following fees are also payable through deduction from the asset value of the Underlying Fund.

Underlying Fund	AMC
Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund A USD	1.20%

Past Performance¹: as at 31 December 2022

NOTE: PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

Fund / Benchmark	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*	Since Inception*² (16 Jan 2017)
Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund	4.90%	3.83%	-10.91%	-1.84%	0.90%	NA	5.78%
Benchmark: Barclays Global High Yield Excl CMBS & EMG 2% Cap	4.52%	4.00%	-10.51%	-0.01%	2.35%	NA	6.97%

Source: Aviva Investors

* Annualise performance

- ¹ Performance shown in fund currency and calculated before sales charges are deducted. Fees and charges payable through deduction of premium or cancellation of units are excluded in deriving the performance. Performance is calculated on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, taking into account all charges which would have been payable upon such reinvestment.
- ² 16 January 2017 is the launch date of the ILP sub-fund. Previously known as 22 September 2008, which was the Underlying Fund's launch date.

Expense Ratio and Turnover Ratio

Underlying Fund	Expense Ratio	Turnover Ratio
Aviva Investors - Global High Yield Bond Fund A USD	1.42%	242.87%

The expense and turnover ratios stated in the table above are for the period ended 31 December 2022.

The expense ratio does not include (where applicable) charges for insurance coverage, brokerage and other transaction costs, performance fee, foreign exchange gains or losses, front or back-end loads arising from the purchase or sale of collective investment schemes and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received.

Soft Dollar Commissions or Arrangements

We do not receive any soft dollar commissions in respect of the Underlying Fund(s).

Conflicts of Interest

We do not have any conflict of interests which may exist or arise in relation to the Underlying Fund(s) and its management.

Suspension of dealings

We reserve the right to suspend immediately any issue, withdrawal, exchange or other dealing in relation to the Underlying Funds if the fund manager, or any government or regulatory body of competent jurisdiction, or we (at our reasonable discretion) decide to suspend the issue, withdrawal, exchange or other dealing in the units or shares of the Underlying Funds.

Reports

The financial year-end of the ILP sub-funds is 30 June. Singapore Life Ltd. will make available semi-annual report and annual audited report of the ILP sub-funds within 2 months and 3 months respectively from the relevant reporting periods.

In addition, Singapore Life Ltd. will make available financial reports of the Underlying Funds as they become available from the Investment Manager. Policyholders can access these reports via the website at www.singlife.com

Specialised ILP sub-fund

The ILP sub-fund is not a specialised sub-fund as set out in MAS Notice 307 on Investment-Linked Policies issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.